STATEMENT II—contd.

1	2	3
15	Meghalaya	644
16	Mizoram	98
17	Nagaland	618
18	Orissa	12,111
19	Punjab	7,682
20	Rajasthan	15,493
21	Sikkim	268
22	Tamil Nadu	23,112
23	Tripura	794
24	Uttar Pradesh	28,976
25	West Bengal	16,856
26	Chandigarh	74
27	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	15
28	Daman & Diu	11
29	Delhi	452
30	Lakshadweep	3
31	Pondicherry	725
32	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	36
	TOTAL	2,75,922

Imports during 1990-91

444 SHRI BHAGEY GOBARDHAN Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) the value of imports during 1990-91 from Japan, United Kingdom, U.S.A., U.S.S.R and Germany separately,

(b) the value of machinery and equipment, ferrous and non-ferrous metals, organic and inorganic chemicals, resins and plastics and scientific instruments imported during 1990-91 from each of the aforesaid countries,

(c) whether some of the imported materials can be manufactured/produced indigenously; and

(d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P CHIDAMBARAM): (a) and (b) A statement is given below

(c) and (d) As per the Import & Export Policy 1990—93, Raw materials, Components and Consumables have been classified under the categories of (i) Banned, (ii) Restricted, (iii) Limited permissible, (iv) Canalised and (v) Open General Licence. The raw materials, components and consumables, appearing in the restricted list, limited permissible or canalised list are available to varying degrees indigenously Import is sought to be made only to bridge the gap between demand and supply in view of the foreign exchange resources position. Supply of canalised items may be obtained from the canalising agency only

if such items are not available in the country and the Government has taken a decision to import such items through the canalising agency Import of items appearing in Restricted list and permissible list used to be allowed against a supplementary licence However, Government vide Public Notice No 172-ITC (PN)/90—93 dated 4-7-91 has amended the provision and all actual users other than those in small scale sector and those engaged in the manufacture of life saving drugs and life saving equipment will be required to meet their requirement appearing in the limited permissible list against REP licences Import of such items will have to made by them against REP licence which are freely transferable Under Deemed exports scheme certain supplies made indigenously are an effective form of import substitution Under Duty Exemption Scheme import of all import parts needed for export production are considered on merits duty free so that exporter gets the same at international prices to become competitive.

STATEMENT

Imports from Specified Countries during 1990-91

(Value Rs Crores)

Principal Imports	Japan	UK	USA	USSR	German
(i) Machinery	1 5 0	542	1 208	59	1 254
(ii) Iron & Steel	4?7	121	120	13	483
(iii) Non ferrous metals	27	5(	20	2	36
(iv) Organic & inorganic Chemicals	?0	)6	443	3<	254
(v) Artificial resins & Plastic materials	7>	1>	206	3	5>
(vi) Professional and Scientific instruments	?21	93	263	1	18<
TOTAL (Incl others)	3 24(	2 920	5 237	2 55?	3 477

Production of T-72 and BHP-2 Combat Vehicles

445 SHRI BHAGI Y GOBAR DHAN Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state

(a) whether the indigenous production of T-72 tanks and BH 2 Infantry Combat Vehicles has been adequate to meet requirements of the armour

(b) the cost of production of each as it rolls out of factory,

(c) the imported parts if any, used in manufacture, and

(d) whether these compare favourably with tanks and combat vehicles produced elsewhere in terms of fire power mobility armour communication and land navigation systems ?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI SHARAD PAWAR) (a) T-72 Tanks and BMP II vehicles are being produced as per the requirements of the Services

(b) The cost of production of each T 72 and BMP 2 for 1990-91 was Rs 245 43 lakhs and Rs 106 2 lakhs respectively

(c) While efforts at indigenisation are under way, some parts are still being imported

(d) Yes, Sir, in its weight class